1	IN THE UNITED STAT	ES DISTRICT COURT
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN I	DISTRICT OF TEXAS
3	HOUSTON I	DIVISION
4	   ELIZABETH GUFFY	CASE NO: 4:16-CV-43
5		HOUSTON, TEXAS
6	§	MARCH 8, 2016 1:26 P.M. TO 3:13 P.M.
7	***********************	*******
8	VERSUS §	HOUSTON, TEXAS TUESDAY,
9   10	MARSHALL DAVIS BROWN, JR., § ET AL §	
11		
12	SCHEDULING CONFERENCE	
13	BEFORE THE HONORABLE NANCY F. ATLAS UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
14		
15	APPEARANCES:	
16	FOR PLAINTIFF/DEFENDANT:	SEE NEXT PAGE
17	ERO:	MELISSA MILLER
18	CASE MANAGER:	SHELIA ASHABRANNER
19		
20	TRANSCRIPTION SERVICE BY:	
21	JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC	
22	935 ELDRIDGE ROAD, #144  SUGAR LAND, TEXAS 77478  Tol: 281-277-5325 / Fax: 281-277-0946	
23	Tel: 281-277-5325 / Fax: 281-277-0946  www.judicialtranscribers.com	
24	December 1	ostronia sound reserving.
25	Proceedings recorded by el	ectionic sound recording;

1	APPEARANCES:	
2		
3	FOR THE PLAN AGENT:	AMY WOLFSHOHL, ESQ. STEPHANIE HOLCOMBE, ESQ.
4		PORTER HEDGES, LLP 1000 MAIN STREET
5		36TH FLOOR HOUSTON, TX 77002
6	FOR THE DEFENDANT,	STEVEN A. LEYH, ESQ.
7	DICK DEGUERIN:	LEYH, PAYNE & MALLIA, PLLC 9545 KATY FREEWAY, SUITE 200
		HOUSTON, TX 77024
9	FOR THE DEFENDANTS, BRIAN WICE & CATHY E. BENNETT & ASSOCIATES, INC.:	PETER JOHNSON, ESQ. LAW OFFICES OF PETER JOHNSON 11 GREENWAY PLAZA
11		SUITE 2820 HOUSTON, TX 77046
12		JIMMY R. PHILLIPS, JR., ESQ. ATTORNEY AT LAW
13		P.O. DRAWER 29 ANGLETON, TX 77516
14	FOR THE DEFENDANT	JOAN KEHLHOF, ESQ.
15	MORITZ ASSOCIATES, INC.	WIST HOLLAND 720 N POST OAK ROAD SUITE 610 HOUSTON, TX 77024
16		
17		
18	FOR THE DEFENDANT, DICK DEGUERIN	CRAIG COWGILL, ESQ.
19	FOR THE DEFENDANT,	CUDICTIAN M CHEDNAM ECO
20	CERTIFIED APPRAISERS, INC.:	CHRISTIAN M. STERNAT, ESQ. ATTORNEY AT LAW 1111 NORTH LOOP WEST,
21		#1115 HOUSTON, TX 77008
22	FOR THE DEFENDANT	MIGUEL A. SANCHEZ-ROSS, ESQ.
23	FOR THE DEFENDANT, DERRYCK DESHAUN COLLINS:	FOREMAN, DEGEURIN, DEGEURIN 300 MAIN STREET
24		3RD FLOOR HOUSTON, TX 77002
25		

1		APPEARANCES (CONT'D):
2	FOR MARSHALL DAVIS BROWN, JR.:	PRESTON T. TOWBER, ESQ. THE TOWBER LAW FIRM, PLLC 6750 WEST LOOP SOUTH
4		SUITE 920 BELLAIRE, TX 77401
5	FOR THE DEFENDANT,	TOM ALAN CUNNINGHAM, ESQ. CUNNINGHAM DARLOW, LLP
6	ROBERT HOFFMAN AND JEDEDIAH MOFFETT:	919 MILAM STREET
7		SUITE 575 HOUSTON, TX 77002
8 9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17 18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

## HOUSTON, TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 2016; 1:26 P.M. 1 2 THE CLERK: Hear Ye, Hear Ye, Hear Ye. The United 3 States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, the Honorable Nancy F. Atlas presiding, is now in session. 4 God save these United States and this Honorable 5 6 Court. 7 THE COURT: Please be seated. Good morning --8 good afternoon. 9 This is the case of Guffy versus DeGuerin, et al, 10 and Guffy versus Brown. 11 Would Counsel state your appearances in the 12 DeGuerin case, first? 13 MR. LEYH: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Steven 14 Leyh, L-E-Y-H, on behalf of Dick DeGuerin. MR. JOHNSON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Peter 15 Johnson, J-O-H-N-S-O-N, here on behalf of Brian Wice and 16 Cathy E. Bennett & Associates. 17 18 MR. PHILLIPS: Good evening, Your Honor, Jimmy 19 Phillips, Jr., on behalf of Katherine Scardino. 20 MS. KEHLHOF: Your Honor, Joan Kehlhof, 21 K-E-H-L-H-O-F, on behalf of Moritz and Associates, Inc. 22 MR. COWGILL: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Craig 23 Cowgill on behalf of DeGuerin. 24 MR. STERNAT: Good afternoon, Your Honor,

Christian Sternat on behalf of Certified Appraisers, Inc.

```
MS. WOLFSHOHL: And Amy Wolfshohl on Stephanie
1
 2
   Holcombe on behalf of the Plan Agent.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay, other case
 4
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: The other case, Your Honor. My
 5
   name is Tom Cunningham with my partner, Debbie Darlow, and
   we represent Robert Hoffman and Jed Moffet and their two
 6
7
    firms.
8
              THE COURT: Okay.
 9
              MR. TOWBER: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Preston
10
    Towber, T-O-W-B-E-R, And I represent Marshall Davis Brown,
    Jr., Pavlas, Brown and York, LLP, and Pavlas Brown, LLP.
11
12
              THE COURT: Okay.
                                 This is a series of cases that
13
    I have withdrawn the reference to the Bankruptcy Court in,
14
    and I want to do schedules with you.
15
              I would like to be sure that we get full initial
    disclosures for both sides, actually. It will simplify life
16
    later and also help frame the issues.
17
18
              The trust, well, the plan, -- I guess you ---
19
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Plan agent.
20
              THE COURT:
                          The Plan Agent?
21
              MS. WOLFSHOHL:
22
              THE COURT: The Plan Agent has listed a lot of
23
   transfers in the complaints, but I was a little unclear
24
   whether there are complaints about indirect payments.
25
    you want to elaborate a little bit, you can. I assume you
```

```
had some time with the records, so you should know.
1
 2
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, Judge. At this point in
 3
   time, we are primarily alleging direct transfers and we have
 4
   experts preparing tracing analysis to determine whether or
   not some of those indirect transfers -- some of those direct
 6
   transfers might be indirect transfers.
7
              So, as part of our initial disclosure process, we
8
   are trying to narrow down some of the transfers to determine
 9
   whether or not they are direct and indirect, and that's
10
   ongoing right now. So I know that you wanted us to do
11
    thorough disclosures, and fairly quickly. I'd like to have
    just a little bit of time with those experts in order to
12
13
   be --
14
             THE COURT:
                          Sure.
15
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- able to, perhaps even narrow
   down some of the transfers.
16
17
             THE COURT: What are you thinking timewise, just
18
   give me some estimate. It will affect our schedule.
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: I believe six weeks would be
19
20
   enough time.
              THE COURT: So, we're talking at the beginning of
21
22
   March, end of April?
23
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Right.
24
             THE COURT: You want more than six weeks actually.
```

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, I think, yeah, the end of

```
April.
1
 2
              THE COURT: That would be seven weeks?
 3
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, the end of April would be
 4
   fine for that.
 5
              THE COURT: Okay, 29th of April, then.
 6
   need a little extra time, it's okay. I'm just trying to get
7
   a frame of reference.
8
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: I think that will be enough time,
 9
   but if it's not, hopefully we can agree amongst the parties.
10
              THE COURT: Your theory seems to be that the
    Debtor, Brown Medical Center, paid all these bills and got
11
12
   no benefit, certainly none directly.
13
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, that's right.
14
              THE COURT: And so is there a different theory
15
   lurking or is that it?
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: No, I mean our theories are found
16
17
   on transfers, and --
18
              THE COURT: Just because the corporate form and
19
   even though Dr. Brown owned all of the stock of the medical
20
    center.
21
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, I mean, it's a little
22
   different for the different cases. In the divorce case,
23
   with Rachel Brown's divorce lawyers, we would -- our theory
   is that the benefit, if any, ran to Rachel Brown.
24
```

THE COURT: That was going to be my next question.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, and not Michael Brown. 1 2 In the DeGuerin matter --3 THE COURT: Although, didn't -- I didn't 4 understand whether Michael Brown had a Court-ordered 5 obligation to pay Rachel Brown's legal fees or whether he 6 was doing it in anticipation of that kind of an order, because he --7 8 (Both speaking.) 9 MS. WOLFSHOHL: I believe he was ordered to pay 10 some of her fees. I couldn't tell you exactly what number 11 that was, but I do believe he was ordered by the Court to 12 pay some of those fees. BMC certainly was not ordered to 13 pay all of those fees. 14 THE COURT: Okay, all right. So, from the Defense 15 standpoint, and I'm open to hearing from anybody, what's the 16 defense? Is there -- go ahead. 17 MR. CUNNINGHAM: I'll start, Your Honor. Looking 18 at the pleading, it's hard to tell because the flow of 19 checks is complicated because, in fact, I believe, if I'm 20 not mistaken, that all of the payments that were paid for 21 Rachel's lawyers were paid pursuant to Court Order. 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 MR. CUNNINGHAM: That was an initial, you know, if 24 you get a divorce, the first thing they do is preliminary 25 orders, and I believe that was part of it.

THE COURT: Okay.

2.3

MR. CUNNINGHAM: And so throughout that, and then as it wound down or wound up, Mr. Indelicato was appointed to be a Master of Chancery, initially for discovery and then, secondly, to review the bills as they got larger and more complicated, and, of course, Ms. Canales was appointed for child advocate and they've been dealt with in your Order.

The full of funds and the way it's described in the Complaint makes it very difficult for us to respond, and I don't mean to be avoiding of the issue, it's just that payments were made to Mr. Indelicato, for example, and then pursuant to Court Order, he made payments, and there's a custodia legis problem there because we think they become state funds at that point, and they are under the custody of the Court, which we think interrupts the chain of custody for purposes of fraudulent transfer.

But be that as it may, some payments went to

Mr. Indelicato, some payments went from Mr. Indelicato to

Michael -- or to David Brown, who was one of the lawyers

representing Rachel Brown.

THE COURT: David Brown?

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Marshall Davis Brown --

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Marshall Brown.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: -- who is one of the Defendants

```
in this case.
1
2
              MR. TOWBER: That's my client, Your Honor.
 3
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Right. And the Browns get
 4
   confused because we've got Dr. Brown, who is the decedent,
 5
   Rachel Brown who is the wife, and David Brown, who is one of
 6
   the lawyers, so --
7
              THE COURT: Is David related to Michael or Rachel?
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: No, absolutely not. No, they are
8
 9
   quite adverse.
10
              THE COURT: Well, related, you know, you could
   have a fight with your brother.
11
12
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: I suppose so, but I don't believe
   that's the case.
13
14
              THE COURT: Okay, they are not --
15
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: I don't believe that's the case
   in this instance. It's at least we know -- I am certain
16
   that David Brown probably would have had that researched
17
18
   before he got involved in the contentious divorce that he
   did.
19
20
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
21
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Be that as it may, I don't think
22
   there's any --
              THE COURT: David Brown was Rachel's -- ?
2.3
24
              MR. CUNNINGHAM:
                              Lawyer.
25
              THE COURT: Lawyer, got it.
```

MR. CUNNINGHAM: David Brown, initially -- Jed Moffet, our client, was engaged by Rachel, and then as things got more complicated, she engaged David Brown to assist and essentially be more or less the lead counsel in the divorce.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: And then David Brown engaged our client, Robert Hoffman to assist in tracing because there were lots of tracing issues. This money was all over the place because Dr. Brown was very wealthy, et cetera, and that's how those three got involved. Now, the flow of funds was principally after the three of them got involved, and they got involved at different times.

The flow of funds was principally through David
Brown, and he would receive payments from either Dr. Brown
or Joe Indelicato. I think there's a couple of them from
BMCI, and then he would distribute those payments to the
other lawyers, and so we only got payments from David Brown.
I believe that was also true after David Brown was engaged.
That's also true of Jed Moffet.

And so then we've got Indelicato involved. We've got David Brown involved. Robert Hoffman is not mentioned in any of the lists of checks that you see in the complaint, and so we're having a little bit of a difficult time figuring out what they really are alleging we got.

THE COURT: Okay. 1 MR. CUNNINGHAM: And so, in terms of our 2 3 disclosures, if that's really where you are going, we'd like 4 a little time to see what they are doing to be able to 5 respond. 6 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I don't know if anyone is 7 claiming some sort of a privilege but I'm not seeing privilege here. I'm not hearing it articulated either. 8 9 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Not so, far, Judge. 10 THE COURT: Okay. To the extent that your defense is, "I didn't get any money, and my people didn't get any 11 12 money from BMC." 13 MR. CUNNINGHAM: BMCI, right. 14 THE COURT: You might want to start looking at 15 where your people did get money from --MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes. 16 17 THE COURT: -- to assist, because while the burden 18 is on the Plan Agent, my goal is to get to the heart of the 19 matter as quickly as we can, and, in part because I see 20 these long Docket sheets before I've even come into the 21 case. 22 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes. 23 THE COURT: So, if you've got a problem turning that stuff over, then we can talk about that, but I'm urging 24 25 that you do the accounting research.

```
MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, and that's in process right
 1
 2
   now.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay. Did you want to comment back?
 4
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, I'd just like to explain in
 5
   part, Judge, you know, our disclosures also depend upon
 6
    their disclosures as to what they have received, because we
    fully anticipate that some of the attorneys are going to
 7
    claim that they weren't the initial transferee, that really,
 8
 9
    "I just money to pass on to this other attorney and he was
10
    the initial transferee," and so I think that part of this is
11
    that the disclosures are --
              THE COURT: Which is a little different from what
12
13
   Mr. Cunningham is articulating.
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- dependent upon where the -- I
14
15
    just think it's the other side of the coin, yes.
              THE COURT: Yeah, it is.
16
17
              Okay, did you want to comment here in similar
18
    1:37:40, or?
19
              MR. TOWBER: Your Honor, we are the person that
20
    they allege got the funds, pretty much, so we, of course,
21
    have a defense of a conduit theory, which is the defense
22
    standing on an avoidance action that we --
23
              THE COURT: But didn't some of the money rest with
    your --
24
25
              MR. TOWBER: Yes, it did, and we went out and we
```

2.3

had to pay the private investigators. We had to pay the other attorneys so, again, we did not maintain control over the money. We had a duty to forward that.

THE COURT: Okay, who retained the private investigator?

MR. TOWBER: Your Honor, I do not know. I will have to look into that.

One of our major defenses, we believe, is that
Brown Medical Center, while it's not in the complaint, was a
party to the divorce proceeding. They appeared at many of
the fee hearings in front of the Master and Chancery. They
received a benefit from the payment of those fees because
Mr. Brown was able to run the companies. There were
receivership motions that would have put these companies out
of business and also even if the BMC got the benefit from
him not being in jail and from them keeping on operating, so
that would be one of our, you know, major defenses.

Also, in terms of insolvency issue, we need to see what they are relying upon because it is our understanding that those businesses were booming businesses at the time.

Nobody was aware that they were not. I don't believe attorneys would have been fighting over this wealthy business or cash-generating business if they felt that it was not operating at a profit, so those are some issues that we'd like to see disclosures on.

We'd like to see the disclosures first and then 1 2 reply maybe 10 days after their disclosure since they are 3 the Plaintiff and they have the burden on the issues. 4 THE COURT: Well, on the transfer to a third party 5 theories, it seems to me you know what you got from BMC, and 6 to the extent that you were a conduit, I don't think you need more disclosures if you know there's a universe of 7 money that BMC paid or -- right? 9 MR. TOWBER: Yes, Your Honor, but that's an issue 10 in the case, as Mr. Cunningham said. Did the monies come from BMC or did they come from the Court registry or did 11 12 they come from Mr. Brown individually? THE COURT: Did BMC pay money into the Court 13 registry? 14 15 MS. WOLFSHOHL: I don't believe BMC paid any money into the Court registry. BMC did pay Mr. Indelicato, and 16 then, BMC also made payments directly to primarily Marshal 17 18 Davis Brown. 19 And so there's payments going to various places, 20 and we can disclose where the initial payment went, but, you 21 know, Mr. Towber is already articulating the defense I was discussing, which is, "We were just a conduit for these 22 2.3 funds that went other places." 24 THE COURT: Yes. 25 MS. WOLFSHOHL: And so, as to who was the initial

```
transferee? It depends upon who had control of those funds
1
 2
   and where those funds were to be allocated, so it could have
 3
   been that even though BMC paid Marshal Davis Brown, the
   person who actually asserted control over it was, you know,
 4
 5
   another one of the attorneys that's in the case.
 6
              THE COURT: Okay, well, anyway, to the extent that
   you think you need discovery or initial disclosures of this
7
   accounting from the Plan Agent, I'll defer your initial
8
 9
    disclosures to that extent, but I need to tell you that even
10
    if you are not a Defendant, your people are subject to
    discovery under Rule 45, or under party discovery.
11
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: We understand.
12
13
              THE COURT: And so I don't really -- I'm thinking
14
    frankly that you better start gathering anything and
15
    everything and not rest on this 10-day grace period.
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: We're in the process of getting
16
   everything we can.
17
18
              THE COURT:
                          Yes.
19
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: This divorce lasted a couple of
20
    years and there were bankruptcies in Florida and
21
   bankruptcies in Texas.
              THE COURT: Yes.
22
2.3
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: There were restructuring
   officers. I mean, there's going to be a lot of this.
24
```

THE COURT: Restructuring, what?

```
MR. CUNNINGHAM: Officers. There was a CRO
 1
 2
    appointed by the -- initially, the bankruptcy was in
    Florida.
 3
 4
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: As to Dr. Brown, individually,
 5
    only.
 6
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Right, but the CRO was appointed
 7
   to restructure his businesses, including BMCI.
              THE COURT: He may have been doing it for that
 8
 9
   purpose, but did he accomplish anything during the period of
10
    the bankruptcy?
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Well, he worked awful hard, and
11
    there was a period of time when he got frustrated and said,
12
    "I quit," and then came back in, so it's complicated but,
13
14
    yes, he did a whole lot of work, and there will be a lot of
15
    evidence about what Brown Medical Center's situation was
16
    during that period.
17
              THE COURT: Okay. When you say, "He did a lot of
18
   work," just fill me in. What are you talking about?
19
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Essentially -- again, it's
20
    complicated, but essentially, Dr. Brown was operating hand
21
    surgery centers and he was -- the gross income was enormous.
22
              THE COURT: Spending dominated.
23
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: And he was spending a lot as
   well.
24
25
              THE COURT: Right.
```

```
MR. CUNNINGHAM: And part of the problem was that
1
 2
    they wanted -- Dr. Brown wanted to make sure that he
 3
    retained as much control as he could over his companies. He
 4
   actually, after filing the bankruptcy in Florida, he went
 5
   back and said, "I really didn't mean it. We're doing just
 6
   fine. I filed it because, in effect, I wanted to King's X,
   the divorce, which means, obviously bankruptcy Judges and
 7
   family lawyers fight over who gets to distribute the assets.
 9
   And that was a tactic that he employed and he ultimately
10
   went back to the Bankruptcy Court in Florida and tried to
11
    dismiss the bankruptcy.
              During that period, a Chief Restructuring Officer
12
   was appointed to try to gain a modicum of control over the
13
14
   businesses so that Dr. Brown could be a hand surgeon and be
15
   a promoter, which is what he did best, and somebody that had
   more business sense could operate the businesses.
16
17
              THE COURT: It's still under the auspices of the
18
   Bankruptcy Court in Florida?
19
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: That's correct. He was appointed
20
   by the Bankruptcy Judge ---
21
              THE COURT: Well, was the bankruptcy -- was
22
    Dr. Brown doing business through more than one entity?
2.3
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, ma'am.
24
              THE COURT: What other entities?
25
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Lots of them.
```

```
THE COURT: Really?
1
 2
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes. He had companies to -- he
 3
   had cars. He had boats. He had houses and most of them
   were different companies. He had leasing companies. He had
 4
 5
   a ranch.
 6
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: And Judge to be clear --
7
             THE COURT: What does that have to do with this?
8
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- those were his personal
 9
   entities.
10
             THE COURT: Yes.
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: He had several personal entities
11
12
   and in the Bankruptcy Court currently, Ron Summers is the
13
   Trustee over the entities for Michael Brown, personally.
14
             THE COURT: Because that proceeding, or that
15
   bankruptcy case was transferred here?
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, it was, you know, ultimately
16
   Grange was unsuccessful in redoing any sort of restructuring
17
18
   and so the --
19
             THE COURT: But was actual restructuring done?
20
   That is where companies were merged or the like, or was he
21
    developing a plan trying to coach Michael Brown to simplify
22
   the --
23
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: It never was really clear because
   Mr. Brown wouldn't let him really do anything. Mr. Brown
24
25
   had a plan to develop a separate entity called Pro-Med down
```

```
in Florida that was actually a competing business to BMC.
1
 2
   His petitions were all, at that point, directed towards
 3
    Pro-Med and not BMC and so they just never were able to
 4
   accomplish anything.
 5
             THE COURT: Is BMC an entity, or was it an entity,
 6
   that is focused only in Texas or Houston?
7
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: BMC managed surgery centers around
   the country, and so BMC, itself, was focused in Houston, and
8
 9
    then some of these other surgery centers were in places like
10
   Nevada and San Antonio and Austin.
              THE COURT: Other BMC's auspice?
11
12
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes.
             THE COURT: And legally -- ?
13
14
             MS. WOLFSHOHL:
                             Yes.
15
             THE COURT: -- ownership?
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes. That's correct.
16
17
             THE COURT: Okay, so back to your reorganization
18
   efforts by this person.
19
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Right. General Grange.
20
             THE COURT: General Grange?
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: G-R-A-N-G-E. He's a former army
21
22
    general. I forgot his first name, but everybody calls him
2.3
    General Grange, and he operates a business that does this.
24
             THE COURT: To restructure?
25
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, ma'am. And he presented
```

```
himself to the Bankruptcy Court with those credentials and
1
 2
   on that basis was engaged.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay, so this table, I know a bunch of
 4
   these lawyers from way back. I know you, too, but I know
 5
    several of you-all, but in my world, which is 20 years ago,
 6
   the last time I was at a firm, people who were engaged to
   restructure generally did it under a Court Order.
 7
   they didn't just get in there and have freedom of movement.
8
 9
   Now, I stand to be corrected, but I'm having trouble
10
    understanding what this General Grange was doing if the
   bankruptcy was still ongoing, and there was no plan to
11
12
   replace --
13
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Your Honor, the --
14
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: The bankruptcy down in Florida was
15
    staid and at any point if its creditors felt like it wasn't,
    the restructuring wasn't going well, they could --
16
17
              THE COURT: Was it an 11?
18
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: It was --
19
              THE COURT: A 13?
20
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- the individual bankruptcy case
21
    was --
22
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Chapter 11.
2.3
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: It was 11.
24
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, ma'am.
25
              MR. TOWBER: Yes, Your Honor. What happened was,
```

was that the Court dismissed the case with conditions and 1 the condition was that the CRO was appointed. 2 3 THE COURT: Oh. 4 MR. TOWBER: And there was actually a Court Order 5 entered, which is very telling in this case, where the 6 entities, BMC, agrees to the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court and there's actually a provision in that Order, I 7 believe -- I haven't looked at it in a long time -- which says that the parties understand that BMC is paying the 9 10 attorneys in the divorce, and the Court basically blesses 11 that procedure. Now, I haven't looked at that --12 THE COURT: Okay, whoa. Whoa. Okay. 13 MR. TOWBER: -- order in a long time, and we're 14 getting off topic, but I did want to bring -- so apparently 15 Michael Brown did not allow the CRO to operate properly so the company -- the creditors came in and reopened the case a 16 17 year later, roughly a year later. 18 THE COURT: Oh, but there was activity in the 19 interim by this General Grange? 20 MR. TOWBER: Yes, there was. MR. CUNNINGHAM: The philosophy, Judge, was, 21 22 "We've got a great business. Dr. Brown is off the tracks. 23 Let's put somebody in there who can keep it a great business 24 and make it grow, and keep it as solvent as it is." 25 THE COURT: And manage the business side. Was

```
Dr. Brown actually doing surgery at this point?
1
 2
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Oh, no. He had lost his medical
 3
   license --
 4
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: No, Judge, he had lost his medical
 5
   license --
 6
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: -- a long time ago.
7
             THE COURT: That's what I thought.
8
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- years before.
 9
             THE COURT: Okay, so anyway, I've got a
10
   little feel for this now. It's a little better, but
   punchline, you are saying that your clients were a conduit
11
12
   by and large, at least to some extent.
13
             MR. TOWBER: Your Honor, we're saying that to the
14
   extent that funds came from BMC, we're going to have TO show
15
   what we got and what everybody else got --
16
         (Both speaking.)
17
             THE COURT: Okay, and that's largely an accounting
18
   conversation.
19
             MR. TOWBER: And we also say that when you say the
20
   universe of funds that came from BMC, that's what is unclear
21
    from the Complaint. We'd like to --
22
             THE COURT: Right. We all get that.
2.3
             MR. TOWBER: -- the universe of funds.
24
             THE COURT: And your situation is?
25
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: We've got no money from BMC,
```

```
1
   none.
 2
              THE COURT: Oh.
 3
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: We've got money from -- our bills
 4
   were paid by David Brown.
 5
              THE COURT: David Brown?
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: That's right. Any legal fees I
 6
7
   think that are relevant to this case, we've got none of them
   directly, and to the extent one can trace through David
 9
   Brown, that's where we're going to be because any money we
10
   got, we got from David Brown.
              THE COURT: Okay, you want to comment back for any
11
12
   reason regarding this --
13
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: I think that there may have been a
14
    small amount -- a small direct payment, and, Judge, we will
15
    disclose any direct payments but we already have that
    information compiled.
16
17
              THE COURT: Are you --
18
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Direct payments.
19
              THE COURT: I'm sorry about that interruption.
20
              Are you trying to get money from Mr. Moffet or
21
   Mr. Cunningham's other clients, Hoffman?
22
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, Judge.
23
              THE COURT: Because money was paid indirectly to
    them through Indelicato or someone else?
24
25
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: We have to take discovery on that
```

issue, Judge. The problem is that, you know, Mr. Towber is already articulating his mere conduit defense. He's saying, "We were just a conduit for these funds."

And there's a case, In re: Coutee (phonetic) from the Fifth Circuit that says, "Potentially if funds are held in a lawyer's trust account, and then they don't have control of those funds, and those funds are paid directly to his client, that they are the initial transferee."

And so, we have to take discovery as to who had control of these funds so that we can articulate who was the initial transferee or the subsequent transferee.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: And we are also able to sue the subsequent transferee. Now, they may have different defenses, and our complaint alleges that they are the initial or subsequent transferee of the funds, and if his client claims they didn't get them, I think that's fairly easy to say, you know, "They had control, and we didn't get any funds directly from you."

And so, I don't think it's difficult for them to answer that. I just think that they are going to have conflicting positions on those issues, and we need to take discovery as to those transfers.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: But that's why we need their disclosures to be able to work from because our disclosures

```
are going to be different to begin with.
1
 2
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: And I assume Mr. Towber's
 3
   disclosures will look completely different than that, and
 4
   so, you know, we're happy to disclose where we think the
 5
    funds went, who, you know, who BMC transferred the funds
 6
   directly to, and later on we may be able to supplement those
   disclosures once the parties take position over who had
7
    control over the funds.
 9
              THE COURT: When you've done your discovery, okay.
10
   But your people got money for services rendered from
11
    somewhere?
12
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Correct.
              THE COURT: For services rendered for either
13
   Rachel or Michael Brown.
14
15
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: We represented Rachel Brown.
              THE COURT: Rachel.
16
17
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, ma'am.
18
              THE COURT: Okay, Rachel Brown, so --
19
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: But Mike Brown was ordered to pay
20
   her fees.
21
              THE COURT: Okay, so Rachel Brown's fees,
22
   attorney's fees, were being paid by someone --
23
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Correct.
24
              THE COURT: -- and you can track now who paid each
25
   portion?
```

```
MR. CUNNINGHAM: We can do that. We can track
1
2
    that.
 3
             THE COURT: Okay. And so you will need to do that
 4
   whether it is important --
 5
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Understood.
 6
             THE COURT: -- or not important.
7
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: And we are doing that.
8
             THE COURT: Okay. Fair enough. That's great.
9
   Okay, that helps me there.
10
             Now, is there anything else on this case, Guffy
11
   versus Brown?
12
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Judge, are you going to go through
   and are we going to establish the various deadlines for --
13
14
             THE COURT: We are.
15
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- the parties and I don't know if
   you want to do that at this time or?
16
17
             THE COURT: We're going to do it after I've heard
18
   from the others because I'm hoping -- well, we can talk
   about whether the deadlines should be the same or different
19
20
   in the two different cases, okay? But I would like to get
    the lay of the land, factually, and I need more detail than
21
22
   the pleadings.
23
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: I would raise one issue briefly,
24
   Your Honor, and it concerns our answer. We filed an answer
25
   in this case. While it was in Judge Bohm's Court, everybody
```

filed Motions to Withdraw the Reference and everybody filed 1 2 Motions to Dismiss by the State. And it was subsequently 3 corrected by an Order from Judge Bohm, in which he basically 4 said, "I did the wrong thing. I signed" -- he entered an 5 order denying our Motion to Dismiss because the protocol 6 that had been set up was he'll rule on Motions to Withdraw the Reference before considering the Motions to Dismiss, and 7 then something happened, and he signed an Order, which we 9 said, "Judge, I thought we were going to do the Motions to 10 Withdraw the Reference, first." But in the meantime, we felt we were obligated to 11 12 file an answer, and so we got an answer on file. But we're 13 going to ask leave of Court to amend that answer at the 14 appropriate time, either now or later by --15 THE COURT: You're going to have -- you'll have time to amend, no problem. 16 17 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Thank you. 18 THE COURT: We're definitely going to give you 19 time to amend. I want that time to amend to be after the 20 initial disclosures. 21 MR. CUNNINGHAM: We agree. Thank you. 22 THE COURT: Okay. But I don't want another Motion 23 to Dismiss, if I can avoid it. 24 MR. CUNNINGHAM: We agree with that, too, Judge.

MR. TOWBER: Your Honor, I'm sorry, and we haven't

```
answered yet, so we need a date to answer or else we can
 1
 2
    answer --
 3
              THE COURT: Well, I think you just pick one.
 4
              MR. TOWBER: Okay. We can.
 5
              THE COURT: That's not part of my form, and
 6
    frankly that's so you will all answer or else there could be
 7
    consequences later, but I expect Counsel that you can agree
 8
    on that.
 9
             MR. TOWBER: Thank you, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. The criminal case or cases.
11
    Yes. Are you?
12
              MR. PHILLIPS: Judge, I'm with the criminals.
13
         (Laughter in the courtroom.)
              MR. PHILLIPS: But we handled the divorce.
14
15
              THE COURT: Okay. Then, let's hear from you?
16
              MR. PHILLIPS: Basically, --
17
              THE COURT: I wasn't sure why they put you in that
18
    case.
              MR. PHILLIPS: Pardon?
19
20
              THE COURT: I wasn't sure why the Plan Agent put
21
    you in the criminal case.
22
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: I can respond to that if you let
23
   me, Judge?
24
              THE COURT: Yes.
25
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: We initially drafted the Complaint
```

2.3

as to DeGuerin. BMC made a bunch of transfers to DeGuerin, and I believe the funds in that case were all directly to Mr. DeGuerin or his firm.

Subsequently, Mr. DeGuerin's spreadsheet said,
"These funds are not for us. We were not the initial
transferee. The initial transferee is really all the other
Defendants that have been named in this case, and here's the
amounts they got."

And so like this case, in that case, they are also alleging that they were not the initial transferee, that there was an initial transferee and they were just the mere conduit for these funds, and so his client received funds through DeGuerin because apparently Mr. DeGuerin was also working on some of the divorce case because there were some criminal allegations. I think there was an allegation that Rachel Brown was abused, and so I believe that they brought in --

THE COURT: DeGuerin?

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes. So they brought in Mr. DeGuerin and also divorce counsel to assist in those efforts, and so the reason why he's part of that case is because Mr. DeGuerin said that he paid Ms. Scardino from the funds that were received that were received from BMC.

THE COURT: Okay, Scardino and DeGuerin were together?

```
MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes.
1
 2
             THE COURT: At the time as partners? Or were they
 3
    just both --
 4
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: No. Working together.
 5
              THE COURT: -- they were joint counsel?
 6
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Paying -- Mr. DeGuerin was
7
   assisting, I guess, with the divorce case in some way and he
   brought in Ms. Scardino to assist in those efforts and
8
 9
   apparently was paying her for her services from funds
   received from BMC.
10
11
             THE COURT: All right.
             MR. PHILLIPS: But all her services --
12
13
             THE COURT: All right. Who do you represent
14
   again? I'm sorry.
15
             MR. PHILLIPS: I represent Katherine Scardino.
             THE COURT: All right.
16
17
             MR. PHILLIPS: And all of her payments were for
18
   services she performed in the divorce case.
19
              THE COURT: Right. Okay.
20
             MR. PHILLIPS: And then she was let go after a
21
    certain period of time. I think December of 2011, and
22
   performed no more services.
23
             THE COURT: December 2011, okay. And so she
24
   preceded DeGuerin's work or overlapped?
25
             MR. PHILLIPS: Mr. DeGuerin asked her to assist or
```

```
to handle the divorce case during the period of time when
1
 2
   she was representing Mr. Brown.
 3
              THE COURT: Oh, she represented Mr. --
 4
             MR. PHILLIPS: And that's what she did solely was
 5
    divorce work.
              THE COURT: What was she representing Mr. Brown in
 6
7
   initially?
8
             MR. PHILLIPS: Pardon?
 9
             THE COURT: What was she representing Mr. Brown
10
    in?
11
             MR. PHILLIPS: In the divorce case.
             THE COURT: Only the divorce case.
12
             MR. PHILLIPS: On the other side of David Brown
13
   and Rachel Brown.
14
15
             THE COURT: Yes. Okay, I didn't know she did
   divorce work. Okay. Got it.
16
17
             MR. PHILLIPS: Thank you, Judge.
18
             THE COURT: Who wants to comment now?
19
             MR. LEYH: I will, Your Honor. Steve Leyh on
20
   behalf of Dick DeGuerin. We're going to be asserting some
    similar defenses that Mr. Towber articulated: Trust fund
21
22
   theory, mere conduit, Dr. Brown directed the payment of
23
   these funds, that there was a benefit to Dr. Brown and BMC,
    that all he, perhaps, he and all of his entities are one and
24
25
    the same.
```

```
THE COURT: Well, I was wondering about that.
1
 2
   anybody arguing some sort of alter ego piercing?
 3
             MR. LEYH: Yes. To me, the big issue here is
 4
   going to be the insolvency.
 5
              THE COURT: Oh.
 6
             MR. LEYH: I don't think it's a foregone
7
   conclusion. I have seen documents that say in 2011, they
   billed $500 million and collected over $100 million.
8
 9
   even with spending habits like Dr. Brown's, you might could
10
   stay up on top. On that note, the insolvency --
              THE COURT: Oh, remind me, remind me. Insolvency
11
12
    can be proven by an asset liability calculation or is it
    cash?
13
14
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: There's multiple --
15
             THE COURT: You know, not having cash--
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- yes, there's multiple different
16
   ways that assets versus liabilities is the key method, and
17
18
    Judge, actually you already have our insolvency report in
    this matter demonstrating insolvency as of March 2011,
19
20
   because there are several other matters that we needed to
21
   use it for, so we're confident in insolvency.
22
             And then there's also, as you mentioned, the
23
   cash-flow method, not being able to pay debts as they come
24
    to you, and that's also going to be part of the insolvency
25
    report in this matter.
```

```
THE COURT: Have you seen that report?
 1
 2
              MR. LEYH: No, I have not.
 3
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: We haven't taken any discovery to
    the reference being withdrawn, and Judge Bohm actually told
 4
 5
    us, "Do not go forward in discovery until this is all
    resolved."
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Right, but you do have the reports
 8
    that will be part of your initial disclosures?
 9
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes.
10
              THE COURT: Okay, so you're challenging
    insolvency. You are challenging, you may, or to some degree
11
12
    or maybe wholesale challenge the sanctity of the corporation
    that it's piercing?
13
14
              MR. LEYH: Yes.
15
              THE COURT: Or alter ego. And then also that you
    didn't agree?
16
17
                        Trust funds, conduit.
              MR. LEYH:
18
              THE COURT: Correct, conduit.
19
              MR. LEYH: Brown directed the payment, and some of
20
    the payments did go to my client, and we can demonstrate
    that.
21
22
              THE COURT: Okay, so, well, that's helpful. Do
23
    you want comment anymore?
24
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Sure, Judge, I just want to talk
25
    just a little bit about value and the theory that, you know,
```

Dr. Brown and BMC were one and the same.

2.3

Dr. Brown and BMC at this point were at odds with one another. He was engaged in several criminal matters and he was basically just, you know, robbing the company blind, and, you know, we've said several times, every day,

Mr. Brown was in jail, it was actually a better day for the company because he wasn't consistently taking money from the company for his New York apartments and yachts down in Florida and everything else.

And also, there's this Pro-Med Company that he was establishing down in Florida, so he was actually, you know, breaching his fiduciary duty to BMC and attempting to set up shop elsewhere, so we don't believe that any value given to Dr. Brown is value to BMC.

The Fifth Circuit has also said that value to BMC for the purpose of fraudulent transfer was to be valued from a creditor's perspective.

From a creditor's perspective, services, rendered in connection with his criminal matters is not value to BMC, so I just wanted to address that because --

THE COURT: It's creditors of BMC?

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Of BMC, correct.

THE COURT: Okay, that's helpful. Anything else?

MR. LEYH: No, ma'am.

THE COURT: Any recent urgent collection or

```
foreclosure cases?
1
 2
              MR. LEYH: Always.
 3
              THE COURT: I was just kidding.
         (Laughter in the courtroom).
 4
 5
              THE COURT: This man is showing up in Court all
 6
    the time with those cases. Okay, thank you.
7
              MR. LEYH: You bet.
8
              THE COURT: Yes?
 9
              MR. JOHNSON: Peter Johnson. I represent Brian
10
   Wice and Cathy Bennett Associates. These were two parties
    that assisted Mr. DeGuerin in the criminal trial. Mr. Wice
11
   was there assisting Mr. DeGuerin.
12
13
              THE COURT: Remind me, did the case go to trial,
    the criminal case?
14
15
              MR. JOHNSON: Yes.
              THE COURT: Is that how he wound up --
16
17
              MR. JOHNSON: Right, that's correct. That would
18
   have been in probably in August of, I think, in August of
    2011, within that time period. And so, we're particularly
19
20
    concerned about insolvency going back that far.
21
              THE COURT: Right.
22
              MR. JOHNSON: Because we're defending the claims
23
   against these transfers that were made or the payments that
24
   were made to both Cathy Bennett and Associates who was the
25
    jury consultants as well.
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

And so, other than the defenses that have been raised so far, I think, we'll fall within those defenses as well, but even more so as regard to the money that my clients were paid, we are going to be defending by the fact that they received those monies from Mr. DeGuerin. didn't receive them from Dr. Brown and the conduit theory we are going to defend against Mr. DeGuerin asserting that for the reason that -- and we don't this yet because we don't know what his agreements were with Dr. Brown, but we believe that he had dominion and control over the money, and I think that's a critical factor when he treated us as a subsequent transferee. THE COURT: Who hired your clients, you know, with their contract? MR. JOHNSON: Mr. DeGuerin is the one that sent them both, the contracts, that's where it's between the two of them, even though they knew they were there because Dr. Brown was in charge. THE COURT: Dr. Brown was ultimately the Defendant in the case. MR. JOHNSON: That's correct. THE COURT: But often defense attorneys in both civil and criminal hire the experts. MR. JOHNSON: Right. THE COURT: For a variety of reasons.

```
MR. JOHNSON: They believed they were being hired
1
 2
   by Mr. DeGuerin.
 3
             THE COURT: No, written contracts?
 4
             MR. JOHNSON: I think there was a jury contract.
 5
    I believe there is one but the idea was that the money that
 6
   came to them was given to them by Mr. DeGuerin and a
   critical issue I think is part of the discovery is to find
7
   out what the agreement was that Mr. DeGuerin had with
   Dr. Brown.
 9
10
              THE COURT: Right. I agree with that.
             MR. JOHNSON: But that's where we stand with all
11
12
   the other defenses as well.
13
             THE COURT: How long has this case, your case,
14
   been pending? I guess I should ask you?
15
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: September of 2015, I believe, is
   when the case was filed.
16
17
             THE COURT: Okay, great. All right, thank you.
18
             MR. JOHNSON: Thank you.
19
             THE COURT: Next?
20
             MS. KEHLHOF: Your Honor, Joan Kehlhof. I
21
    represent Moritz and Associates, Inc. They are a private
22
    investigators' firm. They were hired by Dick DeGuerin, not
23
   by Dr. Brown. They never met with Dr. Brown. All their
24
   money came from DeGuerin and Associates and so we're
25
    claiming to be immediate transferee that took for good value
```

```
and in that sense, we have a defense against the transfers
1
 2
    that were made to my client.
 3
              THE COURT: How much were they roughly, do you
 4
   know?
              MS. KEHLHOF: About $330,000. There's an --
 5
 6
   attached is an exhibit to the amended complaint is a list of
   some of the transfers. I've asked my client to look at it
7
   and tell me if it's full and accurate but I don't know yet.
9
              THE COURT: Okay.
10
              MS. KEHLHOF: But if we don't prevail on the
11
    transferee issue because in bankruptcy if your immediate
    transferee and you take for good faith, you have a defense
12
13
   against the money being returned.
14
              THE COURT: You just have to show value.
15
              MS. KEHLHOF: Yes. And gained value for the
    services.
16
17
              But if we don't prevail on that, we are going to
18
   have to go back to the benefit, insolvency, the similar type
    issues that everybody is bringing up here because we believe
19
20
    there was a benefit to the Brown Medical Center Estate
21
   because it wasn't closed for a substantial period of time
22
   because Dr. Brown wasn't put in jail. We also believe that
2.3
   they're --
24
              THE COURT: Say that again?
```

MS. KEHLHOF: Dr. Brown, if he had been put in

```
jail, the BMC would have been shut down immediately.
 1
 2
              THE COURT: He was put in jail because he was on
 3
   bond.
 4
              MS. KEHLHOF: Right.
 5
              THE COURT: Before the trial, and after. Was it
 6
    after the trial, when he was --?
 7
              MS. KEHLHOF: Yeah, he prevailed.
              THE COURT: Oh, he was acquitted?
 8
 9
              MS. KEHLHOF: I believe that's right.
10
              THE COURT: Oh, okay, so when was -- what's the
    reference to jail?
11
12
              MS. KEHLHOF: If he had lost, he would have gone
13
   to jail.
14
              THE COURT: But he was in jail at some point,
15
   wasn't he? Did someone say he was in jail?
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: He was jailed a number of times,
16
    Judge, and there were several different criminal matters
17
18
    during the insolvency period that were raised. I don't
19
    think -- I think he was acquitted in this matter and then
    there was a later matter with a stewardess that's not
20
    connected but --
21
22
              THE COURT: Right.
23
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: There were several.
24
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: The jail was because he wouldn't
25
    follow the family Court's orders to pay fees --
```

```
THE COURT: Oh, stop? Really?
1
 2
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: -- discovery, and she put him in
 3
    jail and let him sit there.
 4
             THE COURT: So it was civil or criminal contempt?
 5
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Family -- at that point.
 6
             MS. KEHLHOF: He was jailed for other things other
7
   than this criminal matter that my client worked on.
             THE COURT: Was yours the marijuana matter?
8
 9
             MS. KEHLHOF: Yes. And I think the --
10
             THE COURT: What was his defense -- I'm just out
11
    curiosity. What was his defense in the marijuana matter
12
    irrelevant to this proceeding, I recognize that. I didn't
13
   know it was there because I had so much land?
14
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: I wasn't there, but I am sure it
15
   was medical.
         (Laughter in the courtroom.)
16
17
             THE COURT: Okay. But without a license.
18
             MS. KEHLHOF: We think there was a benefit to the
19
   Estate because he was not put in jail as a result of this,
20
   and the Medical Center was able to continue operating as a
21
   result. There is a just a number of different -- we think
22
   our best defense is the immediate transferee, but if we lose
23
   on that, we're going to just have to fall back on the whole,
24
   vou know --
25
             THE COURT: All right, well, they are going to be
```

```
1
   doing it anyway, so.
2
              MS. KEHLHOF: Yeah.
 3
              THE COURT: That's fine. Mr. Cowgill?
              MR. COWGILL: Your Honor, you heard the pieces on
 4
 5
   both --
 6
              THE COURT: Who do you represent? Excuse me,
7
   again.
8
              MR. COWGILL: Mr. DeGuerin.
 9
              THE COURT: Oh, you are also.
10
              MR. COWGILL: Yeah, we're together. If you don't
   mind, then I'd like to make a comment to you.
11
              THE COURT: No, I'm all ears.
12
13
              MR. COWGILL: Okay. You heard the pieces of both
14
    cases. The overall view, from Mr. DeGuerin's standpoint,
15
    during the time period he was hired was to keep Dr. Brown
    from going to jail because everyone agreed if Dr. Brown went
16
    to jail, the company would collapse, and so that's why
17
18
   Mr. DeGuerin hired people to represent Dr. Brown so that he
19
   would have some influence and access to the people so that
20
    the divorce lawyers and the other lawyers wouldn't carry
21
    Dr. Brown into an area that would cause him to go to jail.
22
              THE COURT: This is a bit of background, but I'm
23
   curious to know if he had a corporation, BMC, Inc., and he
24
   was not doing the surgeries because he was the national
25
    franchise or nationally operating. He was the head, or I
```

```
don't know what his title was, of this nationally operating
1
   entity, could the entity have operated without his
 2
 3
    involvement?
                 He was a titular head is what I'm thinking.
 4
              MR. COWGILL: I understand your question, and the
 5
   answer is, let me say, I hate to say "yes and no," but yes
 6
   and no. He was a brilliant surgeon, and he created the
7
   procedures.
8
              THE COURT: Yes.
 9
              MR. COWGILL: And so everyone utilized his
10
   procedure. All the clinics did. They could actually do a
11
   hand procedure in 15 minutes.
12
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MR. COWGILL: And they did probably 20 to 30 a
13
14
   day.
15
              THE COURT: At each location?
              MR. COWGILL: Well.
16
17
              THE COURT: But they were different doctors?
18
              MR. COWGILL: Yes, yes.
19
              THE COURT: Okay.
20
              MR. COWGILL: So, as to whether he was there and
    counseled them or advised them, I don't know. But the main
21
22
    emphasis for BMC was if something happened to Dr. Brown, if
23
   he went to jail, and Mr. DeGuerin kept him from going to
    jail during Mr. DeGuerin's service period that these clinics
24
25
   would all die instantly.
```

THE COURT: Okay, just one second. Okay, I see several people standing. I have a problem. I didn't dream this was going to go on so long, and this is completely my fault, but I have a conference call that is going to take about 15 minutes at 2:15, which is in five minutes.

MR. COWGILL: Take it.

each team I should say, a copy of the proposed or the form order I use for scheduling purposes and let you work on deadlines. I did not get from you because I guess either we didn't ask or it's not typically your pattern to submit a joint report that tells me some of the dates that you might recommend. I always go through the dates with the parties anyway, but, Sheila, I only have one for Davis.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Judge, I had actually prepared those in the event of a hearing.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: With my proposed dates, which I received one or two comments on but I can circulate this and we can discuss it.

THE COURT: Well, that would be helpful. What I would really like to do is take the break I need. It's a conference call with another Judge and some staff in Washington, so I'm stuck.

I would appreciate if you would go through this

form with Ms. Guffy and see if you can reach an agreement.

Let me just tell you a couple of guideposts, if you will. I would like a schedule that is real, so figure out how much discovery you really think you need and then that will be the deadline for discovery. The experts need to be within that period, and leave to amend and adding new parties, same thing. It's usually chronological, up through the close of discovery. We are not doing expert discovery segregated from fact discovery, just pick a global end of discovery date.

I don't mind if you need more time if you can agree. Otherwise, you'll have to come see -- file a letter and you'd come see me, but I want to move these cases, and it sounds like the Plan Agent does have a lot of the analysis done that you are going to get the benefit of, so, that's not to say she can't change it, but it is to say that you are going to be moving ahead promptly.

Then, we get to motions and ADR and regarding motions, you can file them whenever you want but the outer limit is the deadline in paragraph 6 of this form order.

Typically, I expect Motions for Summary Judgment to be at the close or just after the close of discovery, but if there is some interim measure, interim-type motion that might get you out of the case completely, then so be it.

You can file a motion early. But I'm looking for the end

date, last date.

2.3

Other pre-trial motions is generally Daubert motions, but may be something else.

and you object to evidence the opponent is using, you just file objections. We do not need separate motions, so you don't worry about the motion date. Just summary judgment motion is filed on the last day. That's fine. And objections to the evidence can be filed and you can go back and forth on that, but objections to the evidence is not a separate motion.

I guess there are going to be a lot of motions filed or at least some, and so you have to assume it will take you a month to brief the motions. That's three weeks for response and one week for a reply. If you agree and wanted it certified, that would be another week. That would be the typical briefing period.

If you intend to make those briefing periods longer, then you are going to affect the next deadline, which is the joint pretrial order deadline.

I do not want a joint pretrial order submitted until the motions have been decided. Usually, I give myself two months to decide motions. Because there are so many and I am sort of assuming, I am going to handle these two cases in tandem, I'm going to ask for three months from the time

3

4

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

you think you are going to finish briefing to the joint 1 pretrial order deadline. If I can, I should make that, but if I can't make that, then I would have to extend the joint pretrial order date myself. The good news is I can extend when I feel like it. But I try not to. I try to put you under deadlines, and I try in fairness to keep myself under 6 deadlines. 7

So, joint pretrial order can be due no sooner than three months after you think you're going to finish briefing the motions, which could be four weeks, six weeks, after the motion deadline. Okay? And then I'll fill in the Docket call once I see what you've got.

And I should be back out here in 15 or maybe 20 minutes.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Judge, sometimes it's helpful to be able to work backwards to file some of the other deadlines. I mean, do you have an end date in mind for the trial? Would it be mid-17?

THE COURT: No.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: No, okay.

THE COURT: Well, in the real world, the trials occur within the month of the, within a 30-day period, sometimes a lot sooner, of the joint -- strike that, of the Docket call. So, by picking the Docket call which is usually, okay -- the joint pretrial order is going to be

filed. Generally, it would be 10 days/2 weeks, I'd have a Docket call, okay?

And from that Docket call, the trial -- I don't know if I'm trying these separately or together, but generally it would be within the month after the Docket call that I would have the trial.

I do not give a trial date because anything could happen between now and the end of 2017, which is what I'm suspecting you have in mind here. Mid -- you know, I would not be surprised if you said we need nine months or something for discovery, maybe a little bit more. I don't know.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: I don't think we need that much, Judge, but I can go talk to the lawyers.

THE COURT: Well, we'll see what they have to say. But let's call it 9 months just for argument's sake. Then, it is still a month after that you'd file your motions, and then another month is briefed, and then I need three months, and then I need another month.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: And then at that point you would set the trial?

THE COURT: Right, and so but when I give you the trial date, it's real, and you know we can talk about engagement letters and all that some other time, but the point is, I'm not going to set it the two weeks at Christmas

```
time, I can promise you that.
1
 2
              But I don't think this case is going to get tried
 3
   until mid-2017, give or take a little.
 4
              If you could do your discovery in six months, that
 5
   would be great, terrific if you think -- it sounds like a
 6
   ton of this overlaps, and if the Trustee, the agent, has
   done a lot of work already, then you will get those reports
7
   and some of the delay will have been mediated right there.
9
              So, does that answer your question, give or take?
10
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes.
              THE COURT: Okay, thank you-all. I'll be back
11
12
   out.
13
         (Recess taken from 2:19 p.m. to 2:50 p.m.)
14
              THE COURT: Sorry. Please be seated.
15
              All right, where do we stand?
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Your Honor, we've got some out in
16
17
    the hall. May I tell them to come in?
18
              THE COURT:
                          Sure.
19
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: I'll go get them. I'll go.
20
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: We have an agreement.
21
              THE COURT: Great. Case over. I'm going to close
22
    these babies.
2.3
         (Laughter in the courtroom.)
24
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: There's one point that we need to
25
    discuss.
```

```
THE COURT: Okay, I'm happy to discuss any and all
 1
 2
   points.
 3
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Okay, I think that -- well, do you
    want us to go through the dates first and we can discuss the
 4
 5
   part that we're not agreed, so that you can tell us whether
 6
    you think these dates are in line with --
 7
              THE COURT: Tell me what the issue is you are not
 8
   agreed on?
 9
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: The issue that we're not agreeing
10
    on is the presentation by the defendants of the solvency
11
    expert. We discussed that we have our solvency obtained.
    We can disclose with our initial disclosures is the key
12
    issue in the case, and I don't want the Defendant's deadline
13
    to be in November.
14
15
              THE COURT: So, late?
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes.
16
17
              THE COURT: Because you --
18
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: If I disclose that early, it's
    unfair to have such a delay for disclosure for the response
19
20
    of experts, and so I, you know, it's a fairly complicated
21
    issue, but I wouldn't think that more than 45 or 60 days
22
    would be necessary to designate a responsive expert.
23
              THE COURT: Okay. But don't they need a bunch of
24
    discovery? I mean, you've been living with this for a
25
    while, haven't you?
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Well, we already have the documents that support that opinion together to produce, so we would be producing both the opinion and the responsive document, the tax returns and, you know, all the documents that make up that opinion. THE COURT: Okay, let me ask the Defense. Are you going to do a joint effort here, or are each of you going to do your own? MR. CUNNINGHAM: Your Honor, we are not, and I heard you say earlier that -- well, I think we are, I mean we are not planning on it --THE COURT: What you are not going to do a joint effort on insolvency? I was only speaking to insolvency. I was not clear. MR. CUNNINGHAM: Okay, really haven't even considered it. I suppose we could try. MR. LEYH: Are you speaking of the joint effort between the two adversary proceedings or between all Defendants or something --? THE COURT: Or some combination thereof, yes. was thinking that insolvency is an issue that all of the Defendants have an interest in, and in my humble experience, insolvency is expensive to analyze, particularly in light of some of what I've heard today, and so I was wondering if

there is going to be a joint effort.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

```
That does not mean you can't hire your own expert
if you fall off the collective train, but I mean, look,
you've got deep pockets, guys.
         MR. CUNNINGHAM: Well, we don't, Judge, for this
        We represent lawyers who work by the hour and we
really don't have deep pockets.
          THE COURT: Okay, well, then there you go.
anyway, my point was going to be, I do think,
notwithstanding Ms. Guffy's comments, I think that you are
entitled to a meaningful amount of time to review the
documents from the bankruptcy and the financial records, but
it is advantageous to efficiency to have fewer experts
fumbling over the same papers or whatever and coming up with
their own reports.
         MR. LEYH:
                    To briefly answer your question, Your
Honor, it hadn't been discussed before this moment.
         THE COURT: Okay, all right, that's fair.
All right.
         MR. LEYH: But it will be.
         THE COURT: Right. I can't force you, obviously,
but I invite that approach.
         Let's talk about the schedule now that I know the
issue. I'm not going to rule on the issue until I've heard
your thoughts on the schedule, and I will think about that.
         MR. CUNNINGHAM: We have dates according to your
```

```
form --
1
              THE COURT: All right.
 2
 3
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: -- that we are ready to present
 4
    to you.
 5
              New Parties deadline will be August the 5th, 2016.
 6
              Amendments to pleadings will be the same day,
7
   August the 5th, 2016.
              Plaintiff's disclosures, April 29.
8
 9
              THE COURT: Expert's plaintiff?
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Plaintiff's disclosures.
10
              THE COURT: Yeah.
11
12
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: And, Judge, --
13
              THE COURT: Oh, disclosures?
14
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Disclosures. April --
15
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, which -- Judge you had made
16
    the comment, "Go ahead and include your solvency expert
17
    there" and so this is separate from the date below, which is
18
   additional experts, if any.
              THE COURT: Okay, and on the disclosures, I think
19
20
   many of you litigate in District Court as opposed to
21
   Bankruptcy, but just in case, initial disclosures are that.
22
   They are not set in stone. They are not final interrogatory
   answers but they are what you now know on the various topics
2.3
24
   and so if, for instance, the Plan Agent wants to change or
25
   refine the expert report, you can do it up until to the date
```

```
I'm going to be giving you.
 1
              Do you understand?
 2
 3
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, Judge, I do. It's already,
 4
    you know, it's a report that --
 5
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Anyway, the initial --
 6
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- we don't anticipate changes.
 7
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: -- now the initial disclosures
 8
 9
    for the Plaintiff will be April 29, and then Defendant's
10
    Response to Initial Disclosures will be May 13th.
11
              And then the expert witness cut off for the
12
   Plaintiff is September the 9th.
13
              THE COURT: Just a minute. May 13. I was just
14
   making some notes. Okay.
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Certainly. And then paragraph 2,
15
    expert witnesses, is 9/9.
16
17
              And then, three, expert witnesses for the
18
    defendant is 10/21.
19
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: 10/21, yes.
20
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Okay. And then the 3A rebuttal
21
    opinions 11/18.
22
              THE COURT: Is it clear that these rebuttal
23
    opinions are by existing experts? We're not opening it up
24
    to new experts?
25
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, ma'am.
```

```
THE COURT: Okay.
 1
 2
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: And I have, four, discovery
 3
    completed by February 28th, 2017.
 4
              THE COURT:
                          2/28/17.
 5
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Right.
 6
              THE COURT: Is there any issue in which the
 7
    defense has the burden of proof?
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Uh -- ?
 8
 9
              THE COURT: The reason I'm asking, even if you
10
    don't know it now, if there is an issue, you need to decide
11
    whether the defense will disclose an expert with report,
   et cetera on the first date, this paragraph 2, here?
12
13
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes.
14
              THE COURT: Or the second date, and if it's the
    second date, then we have to have the rebuttal date for
15
16
    plaintiff.
17
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Right.
18
              THE COURT: You following me?
19
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, ma'am.
20
              THE COURT: Because plaintiff's expert then would
    want to rebut issues on which the defense has the burden of
21
22
   proof because that's the first time they will have seen
23
    those issues opined on.
24
              This may be how many angels can dance on the head
25
    of a pin, but I don't have an issue in mind for you.
```

```
MS. WOLFSHOHL: Well, and Judge, sometimes it
1
 2
    comes up that even if it's not a completely separate issue
 3
   or not an issue that the defense has the burden of proof, we
   still need to respond.
 4
 5
              THE COURT: Right.
 6
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: And so I think it's helpful to
7
   have an additional date, you know, 30 days after that, that
8
   is responsive to the rebuttal to rebuttal is 30 days after
 9
    rebuttal.
10
              THE COURT: Okay, you have plenty of time in the
    schedule because February 28th gives you plenty.
11
12
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: If we can add that time, it's
13
   like, I don't know if 12/15 is a good day on the calendar,
14
   but we can just put 12/15 for the rebuttal rebuttals.
15
              THE COURT: I'm saying surrebuttal for what it is
16
   worth.
17
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes, surrebuttals.
18
              THE COURT: Okay, and let me tell you one other
19
    thing.
          12, what is it?
20
                             12/15.
              MS. WOLFSHOHL:
21
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: 12/15.
22
              THE COURT: 12/15. In my experience -- and I know
23
   you-all are at least more experienced than I am, that's for
24
   sure, except Plaintiff's Counsel who looks so young. That's
25
   a compliment.
```

```
MS. WOLFSHOHL: I'll take that as a compliment,
1
 2
    Judge.
 3
              THE COURT: Now, as other people used to tell me,
 4
    "This is something time will cure."
 5
              But anyway, instead of all these reports, the
 6
    surrebuttal and rebuttal reports, sometimes lawyers agree to
 7
    just present their experts, at least, the second, some
   experts through deposition where they can actually, rather
 9
    than writing a report, they can go through the opponent's
10
    report and say, "I disagree because," and the depo, by
    agreement, is part of the opinions that the parties are
11
    adopting and you don't worry about these later reports,
12
13
    okay?
14
              But this form is because sometimes the lawyers
15
    don't want to take depos, okay? Anyway --
16
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: We can decide -- if we --
17
              THE COURT: You can decide later.
18
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: -- decide later.
19
              THE COURT:
                          That's exactly right.
20
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: We're happy to do it either way.
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Did you get paragraph 3, 10/21?
21
22
              THE COURT: Yeah, I have paragraph 3 as 10/21, 3A
    is 11/18, and now I have a 3B surrebuttal opinions from
23
24
    existing experts --
25
              MR. CUNNINGHAM:
                               Right.
```

```
THE COURT: -- 12/15.
1
 2
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Correct, and then, four,
 3
   discovery is February 28th.
 4
              THE COURT: Yes.
 5
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: And then, now, we have said that
 6
   we want to do the -- if we're going to mediate the case, we
7
   want to try to do it a little earlier, so we're going to do
   an 8/15/2016 mediation target deadline.
8
9
              THE COURT: All right.
10
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: And then dispositive motion is
11
   March 31, 2017.
              And joint pretrial order 8/31/2017, which we think
12
   is consistent with the guidance you gave us earlier.
13
              THE COURT: Yes, it is. Well, it's a little
14
15
   longer than I would have anticipated, but it depends on how
   much time you think you are going to take to brief these
16
   motions.
17
18
              And let me also say that if I get these motions
19
   decided more quickly than I've allowed for myself, I will
20
   advance the other two dates, so this is a little bit of a
21
    floating target, moving target.
22
              All right, now 3/31 is for all motions, correct,
2.3
   Daubert included?
24
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: We weren't certain when you wanted
25
    to hear the Daubert Motions, if that was --
```

```
THE COURT: You can --
1
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: After dispositive or?
 2
 3
              THE COURT: Well, what happens is I usually give
 4
   the same date or within a week or so, so that they get
 5
   briefed.
 6
              I like to turn to motions in a particular case all
7
   at once, and the problem is Daubert Motions sometimes
8
   influence what I can consider in the summary judgment
 9
   motions, so they have to be filed at approximately the same
10
    time.
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Well, why don't we just do that,
11
12
   that way?
              THE COURT: That's what I did. I wrote it.
13
14
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Judge, if we do that, could we
15
   have longer on the response date, just because if I get 20
   motions --
16
17
              THE COURT: I know, well, you're up against it,
18
   aren't you? Yeah, you're up against it.
19
         (Both speaking at the same time.)
20
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: And Daubert Motions.
21
              THE COURT: I don't get to that level of detail in
22
    this order.
23
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: So we can move to the --
24
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Terrific.
25
              THE COURT: I don't have a response date in here.
```

2.3

MR. CUNNINGHAM: The truth is they've got a legion of lawyers in that law firm, and it's just Debbie and me working on these motions, so, I just want you to understand -- (laughter in the courtroom.)

THE COURT: But you only had to file one motion

THE COURT: But you only had to file one motion. She's going to have motions from him, him, him.

All right, here's the point: I am expecting cooperation from each of you on briefing schedules and the like and deposition schedules and blah, blah, blah, and so the answer is "yes," but I'm not giving you the deadlines.

So, my thinking is you shouldn't have everything due the same day, you know, it could be a rolling.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: And I'm sure we could --

THE COURT: I would like to know the schedule when the time gets closer so we know when things are going to be right so that we can then gauge our schedule.

MS. WOLFSHOHL: So, we can file a motion at that time, depending on the motions that are filed.

THE COURT: If anyone wants to change scheduling deadlines, if you can agree, that's ideal. If you cannot agree, that's okay. You file a letter and then you are going to have to come see me and it's me, and you are going to -- we'll talk about what makes sense, and then I rule right then and there. There's no -- Mr. Leyh knows this one. There's no fussing around.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

```
Now, if there's an attorney-client privilege
issue, you are still going to have to do that process but it
may be that I require briefing or something, but I'm not
seeing that in this case.
          What's your thinking? I see you standing up.
         MR. LEYH: Understood, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: Okay. Docket call will be September
7th, 2017, and I'll say it's at 2:30.
         Now, I would like this to be the schedule for both
cases, but I do recognize I have two cases. I will hear you
-- well, let's do it this way.
         Well, let me ask this. Who thinks the cases
should be actually tried together if they get tried?
         MS. WOLFSHOHL: I don't think anybody does.
think we did an informal poll and --
          THE COURT: Nobody does. Okay. Well, I was going
to say the default position is the cases are separate and if
we need to combine them, or I see the point of combining
them or I would want to, I'll hear argument and then I'll
decide, so you'll be on notice, but the default position is
they are separate trial dates. They may be back to back or
something like that, but we'll worry about that when the
time comes.
         MR. LEYH: If we wanted do like depositions, one
deposition, both cases?
```

```
THE COURT: Fine.
1
 2
              MR. LEYH: That work?
 3
              THE COURT: Encouraged.
 4
              MR. LEYH: Thank you.
 5
              THE COURT: Encouraged, especially if all the
   books and records and the technical stuff.
 6
7
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: We're not opposed to that, Judge.
8
    I mean, it would just -- we may have to go on two days if
 9
    there is another lawyer taking --
10
              THE COURT: Well, the 7-hour restriction is
    something that you've got to be flexible with.
11
12
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Okay.
13
              THE COURT: And what about the number of depos?
14
   What are we really talking about? I don't think you are
15
   going to exceed the number.
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: I don't think there's going to be
16
17
    that many depositions, the other parties may feel
18
   differently about it, but we haven't had any depositions in
19
   any of our other cases, so.
20
              THE COURT: Oh, you haven't? Okay.
                                                   I mean, I
21
   don't know how you guys are used to handling things since
22
   this is often done in Bankruptcy Court.
23
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Usually, there doesn't tend to be
   a lot of depositions, but these cases could be a little bit
24
25
   different.
```

```
MR. CUNNINGHAM: Well, I can tell you that our
1
 2
    focus is going to be to take it as soon as possible simply
 3
   because of costs.
 4
             THE COURT: Right. And Jury was demanded in these
 5
   cases, as I recall. That's why --
 6
             MR. LEYH: That's correct, Your Honor.
7
             THE COURT: -- withdrawal of the reference, even
   though it does say Guffy v. Brown, there's no jury demand,
8
 9
   but there was in the DeGuerin case. I know he likes the
10
   juries.
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: Well, we demanded a jury.
11
             THE COURT: You did, okay, we'll change that.
12
13
             Sheila will change that in 84, 084.
14
             All right, I think what I'll do is use your dates.
    I'll replicate this. We'll type it out and then I'll enter
15
16
    these dates as agreed, so it's going to say up at the top,
17
    "Agreed."
18
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Judge, are you ruling on the
   final issue?
19
20
             THE COURT: Oh, I'd rather --
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: If we disclose with our initial
21
22
   disclosures --
23
             THE COURT: What's the volume of documents?
24
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: May 20th.
25
             MR. CUNNINGHAM: This would be unlimited, believe
```

1 me. 2 MS. WOLFSHOHL: I mean, there are not -- I mean, 3 we're talking about a Peachtree database, which would give 4 access to the Defendants. 5 THE COURT: A what? 6 MS. WOLFSHOHL: A Peachtree database. It's like 7 QuickBooks that they can manipulate and generate reports or 8 tell us what reports they want and we can get it to them, 9 tax returns. I mean, I don't -- it's in the hundreds, not 10 thousands as I recall, but you --THE COURT: Hundreds of what? 11 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Your Honor? 12 13 THE COURT: Hundreds of what? 14 MS. WOLFSHOHL: Of documents. 15 MS. HOLCOMBE: Of documents. We gave -- in other cases, we've given both the actual tangible document in PDF 16 form and then also access to the database. Like she said, 17 18 it's sort of like an Excel Spread -- it's what I think of 19 where you can sort of manipulate and pull up the information 20 as you want to see it. 21 THE COURT: Right. 22 MS. WOLFSHOHL: It's shortcuts. 2.3 MS. HOLCOMBE: So it shortcuts, yeah, with shortcuts having to go through every single thing, like if 24 25 you were to have thousands and thousands of every page, it

```
sort of a database --
1
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: About how many documents did we
 2
 3
   produce?
 4
              MS. HOLCOMBE: I'd have to -- it's not that many.
 5
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: It's probably in the hundreds and
 6
   not the thousands.
7
              MS. HOLCOMBE: Yeah.
8
              THE COURT: Okay, what's -- you're the one who
 9
   really has the issue, I think, the issue of articulating.
10
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Probably, probably. And I don't
    know the answer to the question for sure, but I can say
11
    this: There was a major issue about how much time and
12
   effort went in to the divorce proceedings, litigation-wise.
13
14
   And what that means is that there are, well, thousands and
15
    thousands of material that could bear upon the financial
    condition of BMC, Inc.
16
17
              And so, although certainly having someone weed out
18
   what they like and present it to us in a spreadsheet fashion
19
    that we can access, we want the right to be able to discover
20
   and to select the information that we think bears on it, and
21
    that's why we think there should be some discovery before we
22
   are required to come up with an insolvency.
23
              THE COURT: Okay, what does anyone else think?
              MR. LEYH: I think I need some time because I
24
25
   haven't seen the insolvency report.
```

```
THE COURT: Right.
1
 2
             MR. LEYH: I haven't seen any of these documents
 3
   other than what was filed in the Florida bankruptcy case.
 4
              THE COURT: Why do you care about the Florida
 5
   bankruptcy?
 6
             MR. LEYH: Because there was documents filed by
7
   General Grange in regard to the financial condition of the
8
   company.
9
             THE COURT: But that was not -- okay. I'm hearing
10
   you there, but that was not the bankruptcy of the company.
11
    It was the personal bankruptcy.
12
             MR. LEYH: Correct.
13
             THE COURT: But obviously you want to see what was
   filed there.
14
15
             MR. LEYH: Correct.
             THE COURT: Who has access to that bankruptcy
16
17
   case?
18
             MR. LEYH: Your Honor, I have a --
19
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: Reports. All right, go ahead.
20
             MR. LEYH: Because I haven't. I'm just saying
21
    that, that's all I've seen. I don't know what all there,
22
    just the expert.
23
             MS. WOLFSHOHL: I've seen two reports. We have
   Mr. Leyh's production. Under the standard Federal Rules,
24
25
   it's 30 days. I just don't think it's fair to have seven
```

months.

THE COURT: I understand, okay. You are going to be turning your stuff over, including the insolvency report.

No, let me back up. How long have you been in these cases?

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Since September. These were the first cases I filed so, and then we had some other cases filed October 15th, and we've, you know, just disclosed our report in several matters. It's not -- we haven't been month to month to month.

THE COURT: Can you give me some estimate? You figure out what measure, about how long it's taking your expert to create the analysis and the report. How many hours did he spend, or she?

MS. WOLFSHOHL: Judge, I couldn't tell you off-hand. I mean, I would say that he worked on the report over a period of 60 days in earnest, but he did have a longer period than that when he developed his payments.

And he was retained, yeah, it was more than 60 days before he started really working on stuff. So a lot of it was document collection, but we have those documents collected in his report, you know, summarizes opinions and it's supported with citations to those Bates-numbered documents.

THE COURT: Right. The concern I think from the

defense standpoint is that in your universe that this is 1 2 what happens in criminal cases, but your universe of 3 documents may not be the document universe that they want to be restricted to. They need to check on that kind of thing. 4 5 MS. WOLFSHOHL: Yes. 6 THE COURT: All right, here's what we're going to 7 do on the insolvency expert reports from the defense: Plaintiffs' will be turned over no later than 8 9 April 29th. 10 The expert reports on insolvency will be turned over July, three months later, July 29th. 11 12 The rest of the experts will be the September 9th 13 deadline you've agreed to. The rebuttal opinions on insolvency will be due 14 15 one month after the -- I'm sorry, yeah, one month after the 16 original or the Defendant's first reports and then surrebuttal will be another month after that. 17 18 If the discovery does not go as I expect it will 19 go, then we will revisit this request, but I think, frankly, 20 the date I've just given you, July, is six months from now. 21 It's plenty of time. It's not as good as Government -- I 22 mean --23 MS. WOLFSHOHL: Might as well show him the 24 executive button.

THE COURT: Sorry about that. But the Plan Agent

```
wants, but it will allow experts to be working on different
 1
 2
    timeframes and I think it will ease the pain for the
 3
    lawyers.
 4
              All right, anything else?
 5
              MR. LEYH: No, Your Honor.
 6
              MR. TOWBER: Your Honor?
 7
              THE COURT: All right, if there is a discovery
 8
    dispute, bring it to my attention by letter, and I do not
 9
    want you to re-invent the wheel. You tell me what you want
10
    and why, and then I will issue an order setting a conference
11
    and the opposing party will have to respond by that deadline
12
    and then you will see me a couple of days later. Okay?
13
    That way it keeps the fees down and we don't mess up our
    schedule.
14
15
              MR. TOWBER: Your Honor, we have agreed with the
    Plan Agent that our answer date for the Brown Defendants
16
    will be April 7th. I just wanted to get that agreement on
17
18
    the Record from the Plaintiff's Counsel.
19
              THE COURT: Okay. What, what? I was not going to
20
   put that in here, but I'm -- you're okay.
21
              MR. TOWBER: Okay, thank you, Your Honor.
22
              MS. WOLFSHOHL: Judge, I just have one question:
23
   Are you going to prepare the Docket Control Order or do want
24
    us to generate that?
25
              THE COURT: We're going to do one for each case
```

```
using the dates we've discussed. Okay? Anything else?
 1
 2
         (No audible response.)
 3
              THE COURT: All right, thank you, and I'm sorry
 4
    about the interruption. I hope it wasn't too bad a delay.
 5
              MR. CUNNINGHAM: Thank you, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: You are excused.
 6
 7
         (Proceedings adjourned at 3:13 p.m.)
 8
 9
               I certify that the foregoing is a correct
10
    transcript to the best of my ability produced from the
11
    electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-
12
    entitled matter.
13
    /S/ MARY D. HENRY
    CERTIFIED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF
14
15
    ELECTRONIC REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS, CET**D-337
16
    JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC
17
    JTT TRANSCRIPT #55639
18
    DATE: AUGUST 25, 2016
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```